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# Phase rotation and charge separation

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BNL  
Muon Collider Simulations Workshop  
Miami Beach, FL

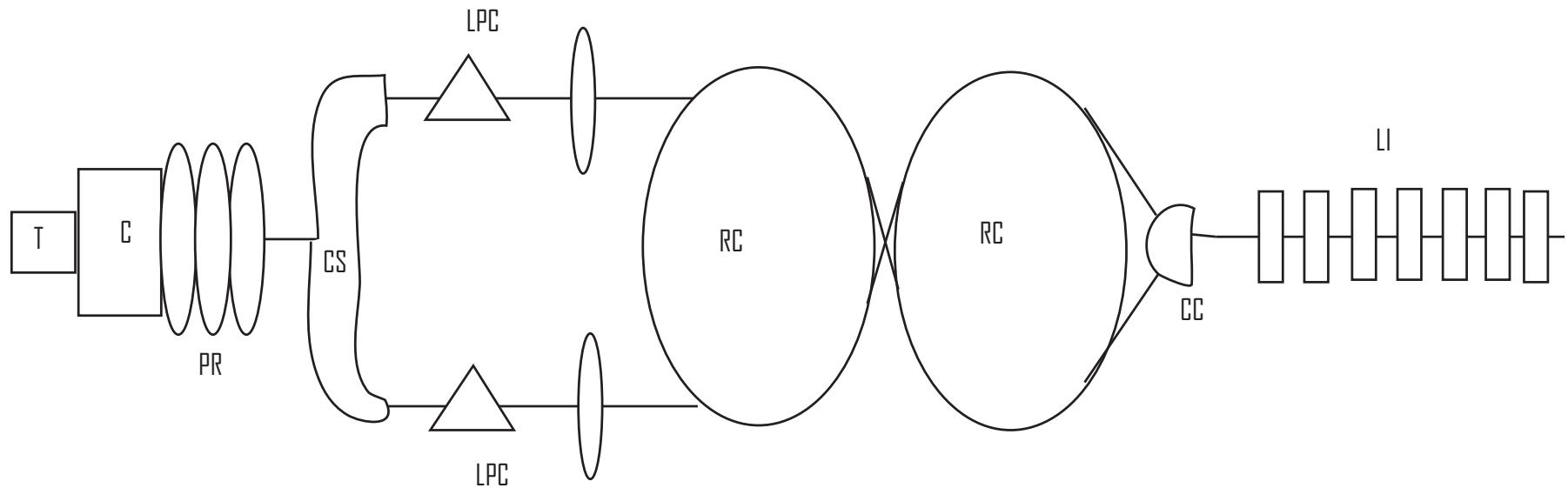
13 December 2004

# Reference parameters for beam

	out PR	in BCR	in RFOFO	HF	
$\varepsilon_{TN}$	20	18	12	0.29	mm
$\varepsilon_{LN}$	1225	450	19	2.0	mm
$\varepsilon_{6N}$	$5 \cdot 10^5$	$2 \cdot 10^5$	2840	0.17	mm <sup>3</sup>
$\langle p \rangle$	228	193	219	$50 \cdot 10^3$	MeV/c
$\sigma_x$	9.5	8.4	4.2	0.0295	cm
$\sigma_{x'}$	97	125	139	2.1	mr
$\sigma_z$	190	50	12	14	cm
$\sigma_p/p$	0.41	0.19	0.18	$3 \cdot 10^{-5}$	
$\beta_T$	97	70	30	14	cm

# Front end scenario

- many possible configurations
- choose “single-bunch” from target



# Phase rotation

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- Compare phase rotation designs [MC-302]
  - Same initial beam distribution (MARS 24 GeV on Hg)
  - Same simulation code (ICOOL)
  - Same assumptions about radii, windows, etc
  - Did survey with simplified simulation model
- Single bunch designs for  $p \sim 200$  MeV/c
  - (1) Snowmass 1996
  - (2) Status report 1999
  - (3) Start of PJK NF
  - (4) Start of CERN NF
  - (5) V. Balbekov (MC-272)

# Phase rotation survey summary

	B1	f	G	LROT	Tr	Tr
	[ T ]	[MHz]	[MV/m]	[m]	100-300	200-400
VB	1.75	36.37	6.37	20	0.277	0.334
	1.75	36.37	6	25	0.302	0.341
	1.75	40.25	6	25	0.303	0.344
PJK	1.25	60-30-45	8-5-7	43	0.257	0.277
	1.75	66-30-42	8-5-7	43	0.286	0.324
CERN	1.75	44	2	30	0.179	0.240
	1.75	44	4	30	0.180	0.258
SR	5	60-30-60-37	5-4-4-4	42	0.268	0.301
Snow	5	90-50-30	4-3-2	42	0.227	0.273

Transmissions include 6 m bunchlength cut

# Balbekov design

## Balbekov MC-272

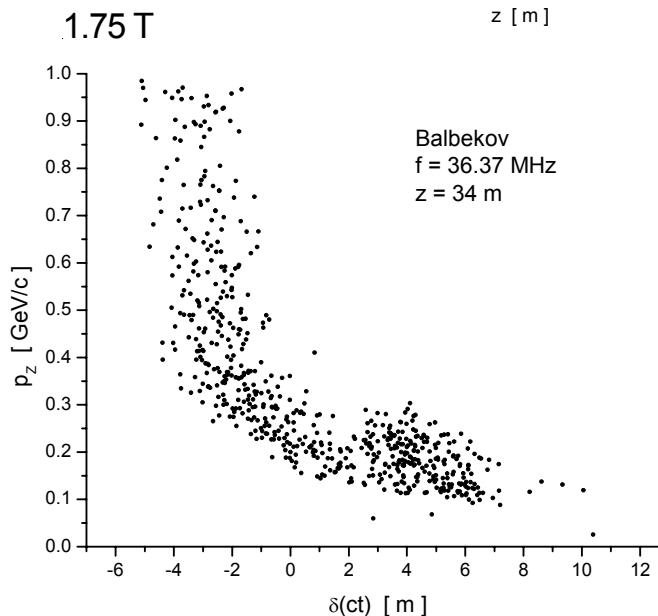
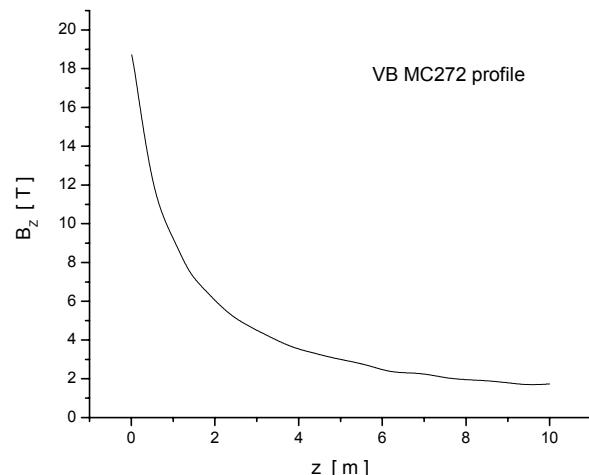
target



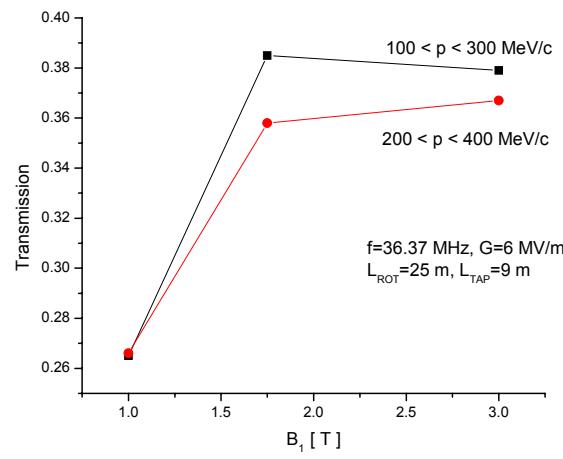
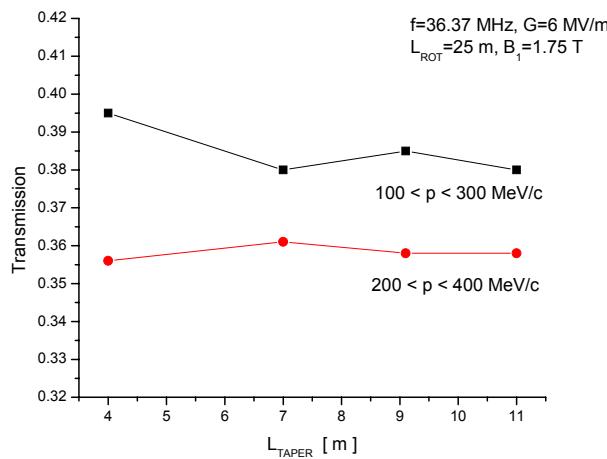
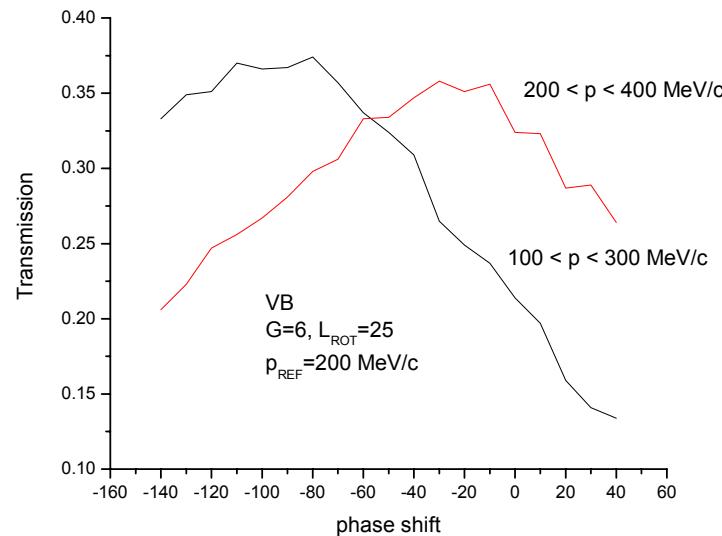
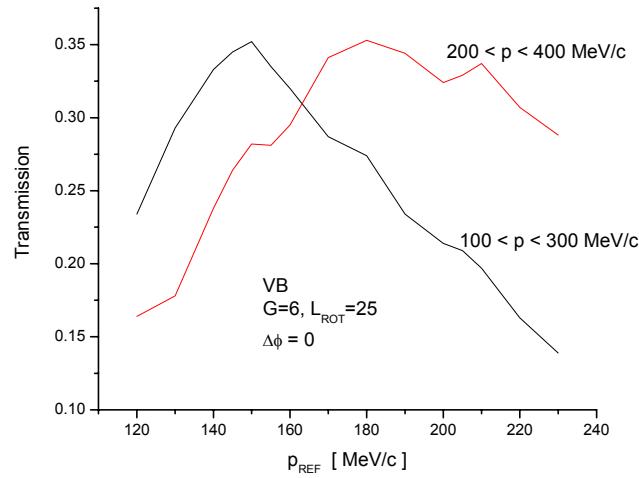
$z = 0 \quad 4 \quad 10 \quad 24 \quad 34 \text{ m}$

$B = 20 \quad 3.5 \quad 1.75$

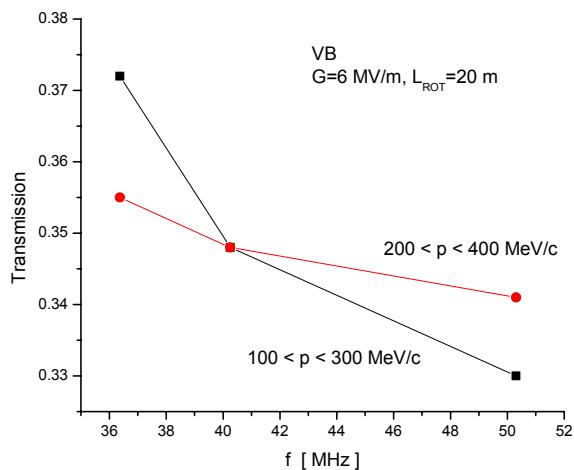
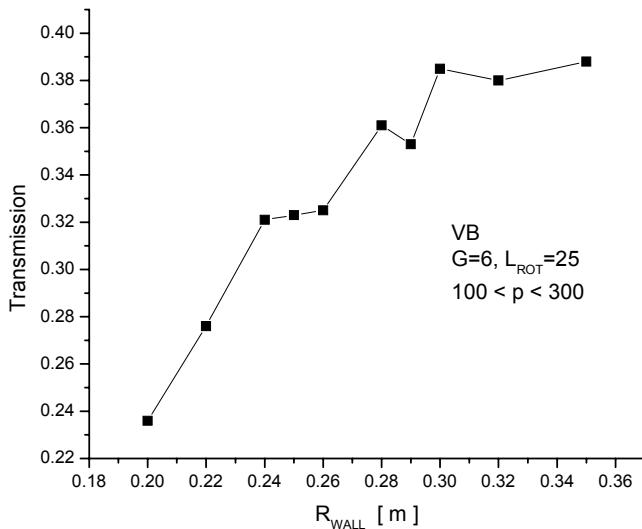
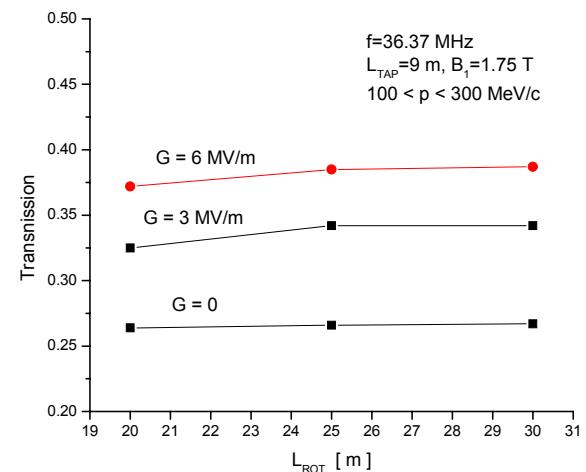
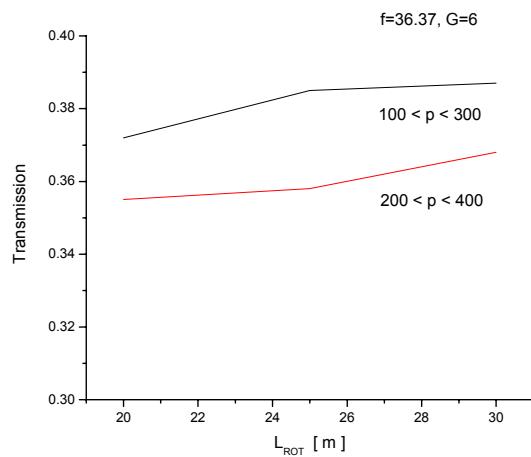
- Most recent
- Simplest – 1 frequency
- Shortest – 34 m
- Low solenoid field



# Parameter variation (1)



# Parameter variation (2)

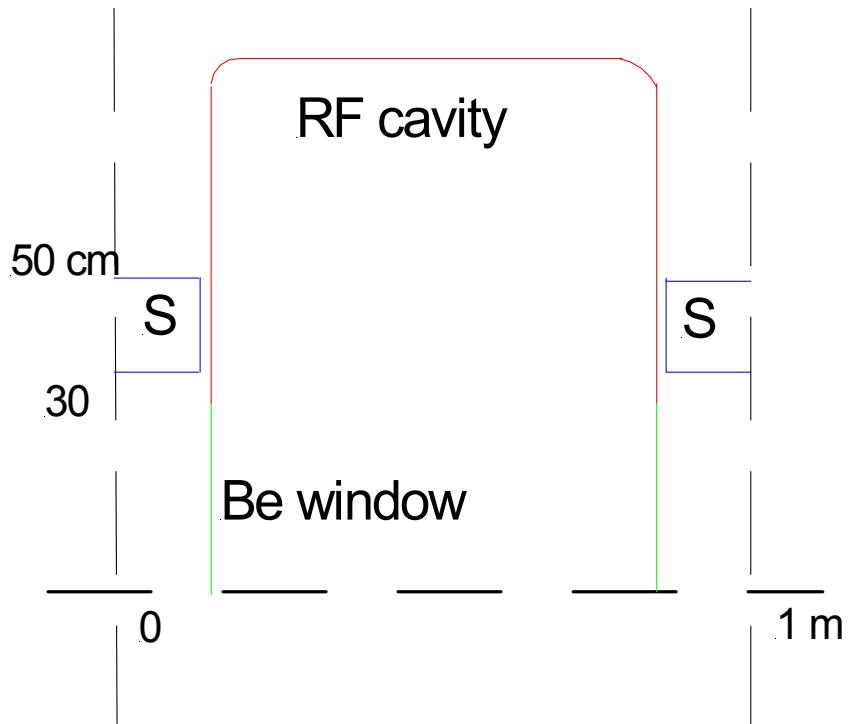
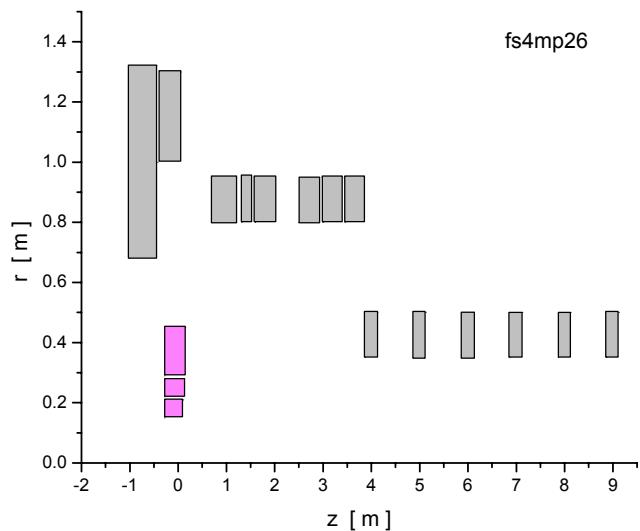


# Realistic design

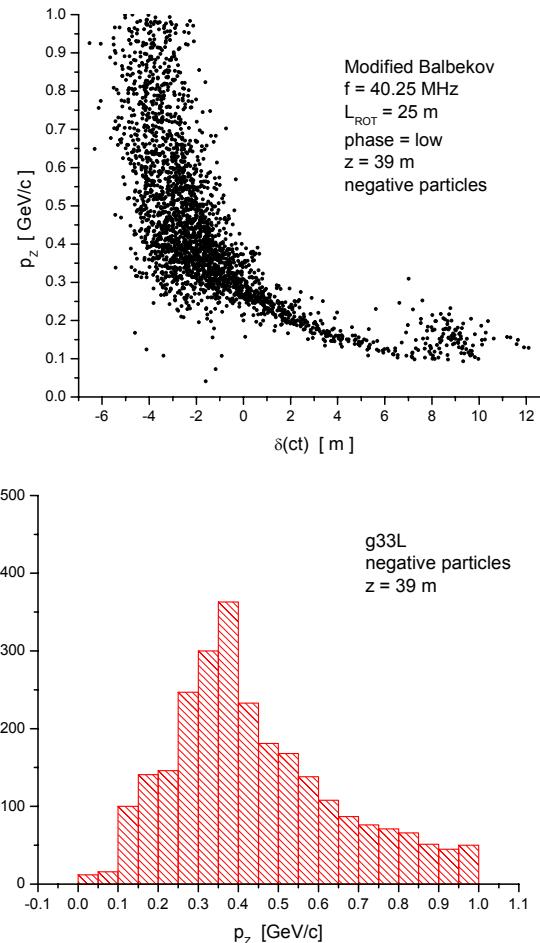
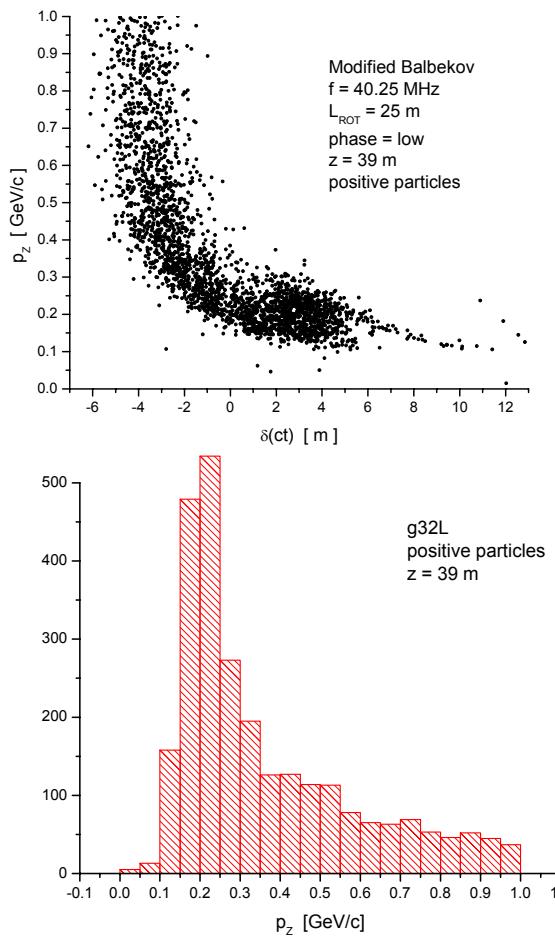
$L_{TAP}$	4 m
$B_1$	1.75 T
$f$	40.25 MHz
$G$	6 MV/m
$L_{ROT}$	25 m
$L_{DRIFT}$	10 m

- Tapered wall
- Be window after target
- extended rf cavities
- Be windows on rf cavities
- Periodic solenoid channel

# Design details



# Effect of particle charge



# Performance summary

case	sign	$\Delta p$ [MeV/c]	$\mu / p$
1	+	100-300	0.39
2	-	100-300	0.12
3	-	250-450	0.32
4	+	200-400	0.47
5	-	200-400	0.20
6	-	300-500	0.23

All cases use 6 m bunch cut

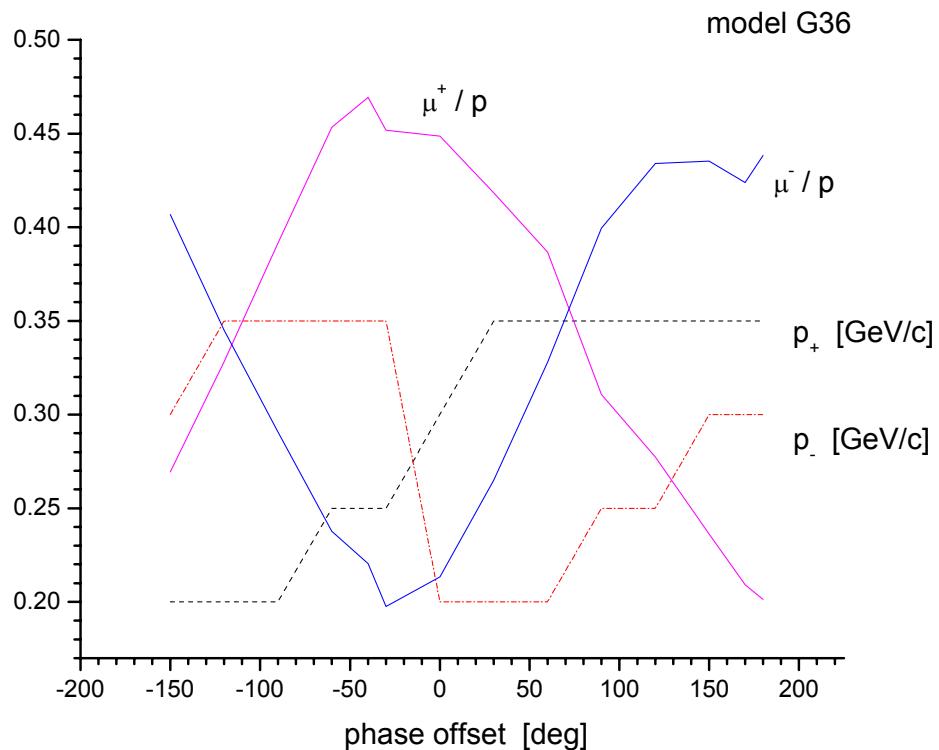
# Bunch length dependence

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- standard MARS beam files have  $\sigma_t = 3.2$  ns
- decrease bunch length to 1 ns
- use realistic model
- transmissions in longitudinal phase space box
  - increases 21% for  $100 < p < 300$  MeV/c
  - increases 13% for  $200 < p < 400$  MeV/c
- not used in subsequent analysis

# Equalize intensities

- find rf phase that gives  $N_+ = N_-$



Equalized bunches have  
different momenta  
80% of peak positive intensity

# Collider luminosity

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- $L = N_+ N_- f / 4 \pi \sigma^2$

- status report

$$L \sim 1 \times 1 \times 0.5 \sim 0.5$$

- this scheme with unequal bunch intensities

$$L \sim 1 \times 0.8 \times 1 \sim 0.8$$

- this scheme with equal bunch intensities

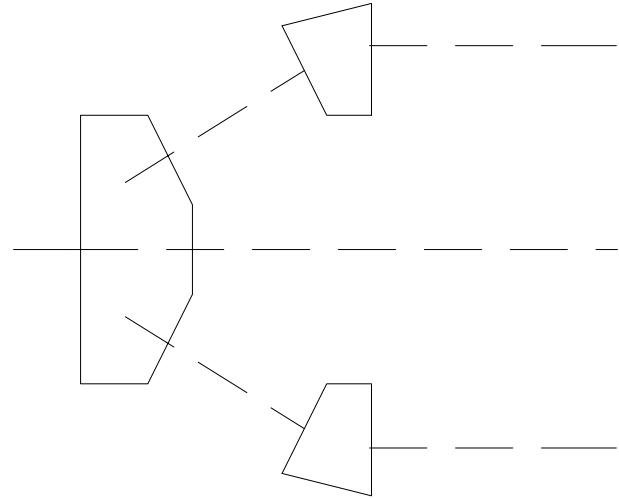
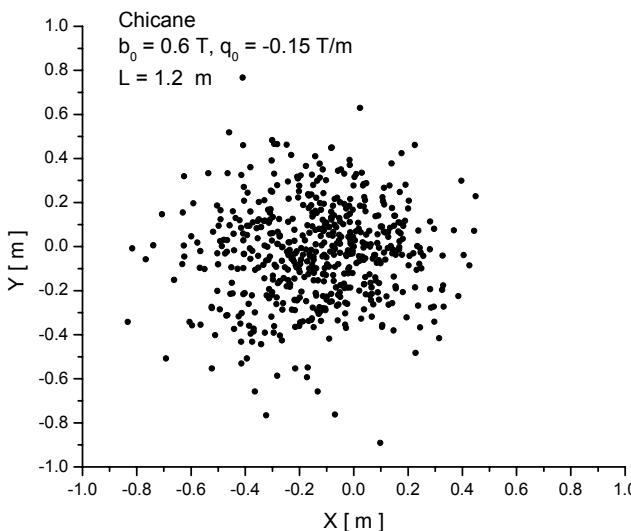
$$L \sim 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 1 \sim 0.64$$

# Charge separation

- want to separate charges before 6D precooling
- geometric constraints
  - 2 parallel beams ( $\pm$ )
    - $\sim 5$  m apart (6D cooling needs low frequency rf)
      - in plane of accelerator
  - some possible configurations
    - (1) dipole chicane in horizontal plane
    - (2) double bent solenoid in vertical plane
      - horizontally separated beams
    - (3) 90° bent solenoid in horizontal plane (Juan Gallardo)
      - vertically separated beams

# Chicane

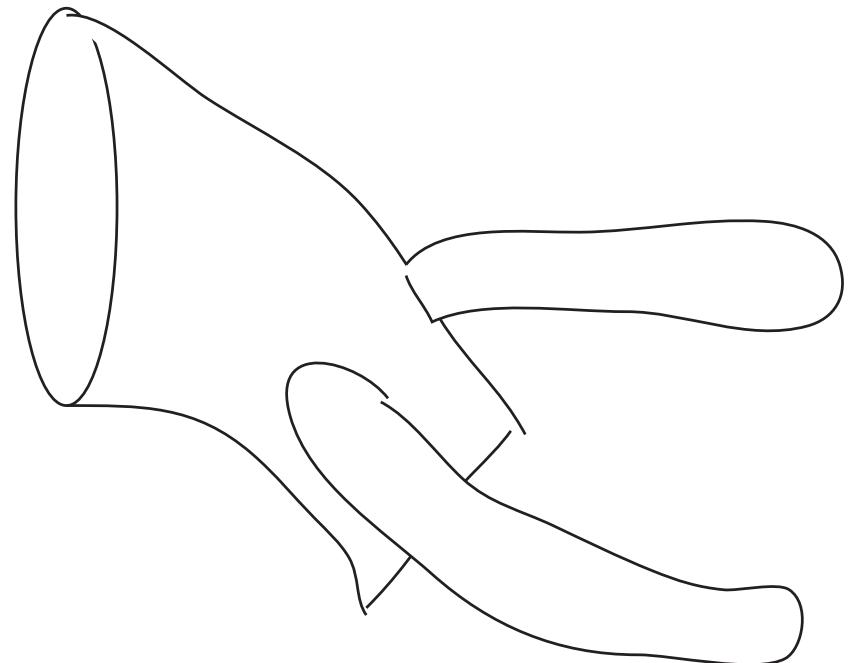
- problems
  - clean separation of charges
  - growth in transverse beam size



after first dipole:  
 $b_0 = 0.6 \text{ T}$ ,  $L = 1.2 \text{ m}$   
 centroids moves to  $x = \pm 41 \text{ cm}$   
 $\sigma_x = 21 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\text{TR}_{\text{band}} = 93\%$

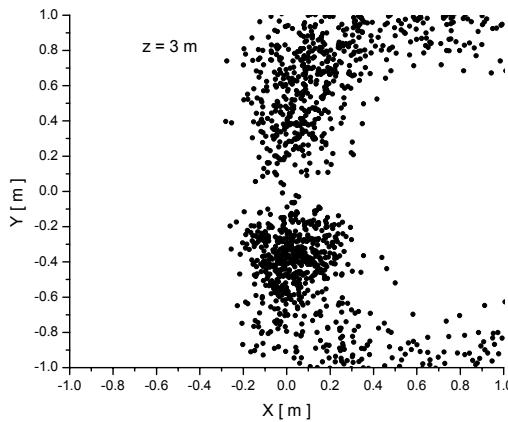
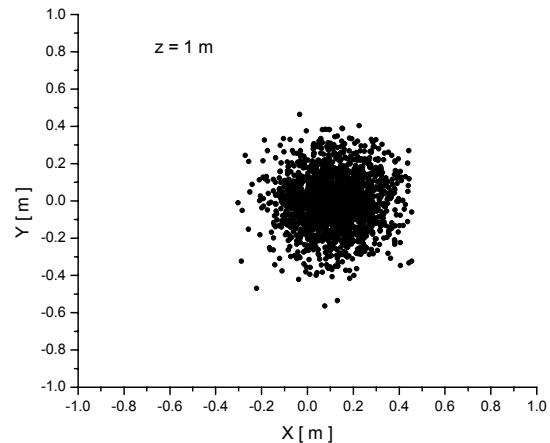
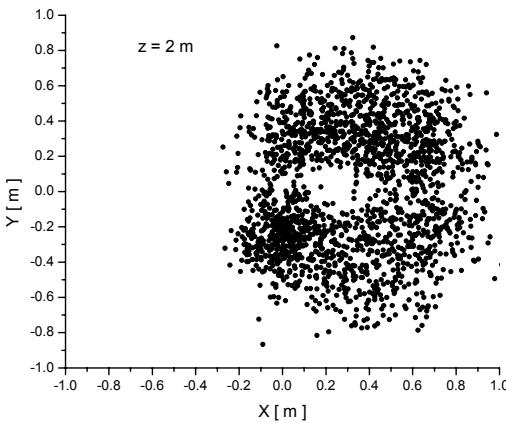
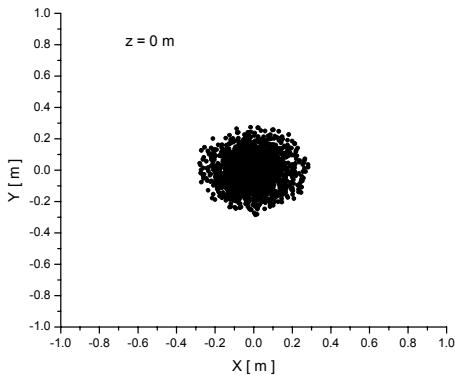
# Separation with double bent solenoid

- $B_S = 1.75 \text{ T}$
- $B_D = 0$
- BSOL(1) with edge focusing
- use beam from exit of phase rotator



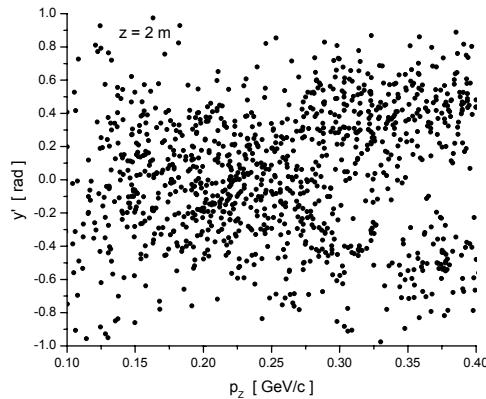
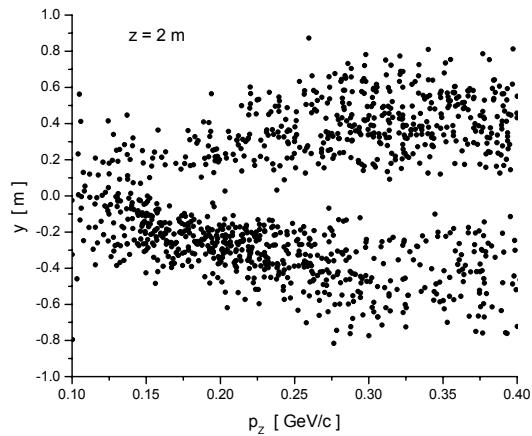
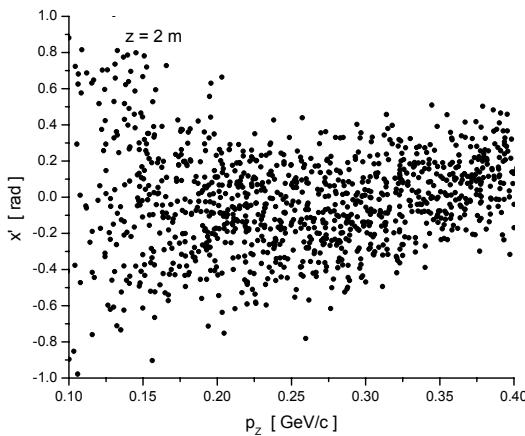
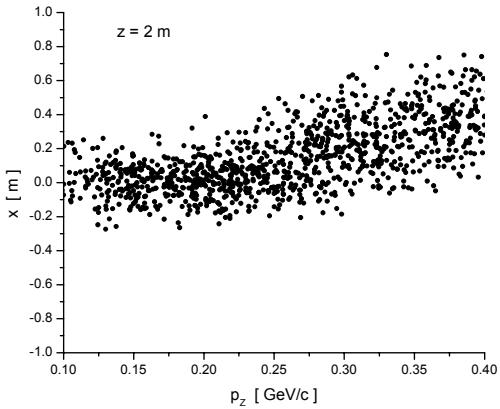
# Single bent solenoid

- Cross section vs distance
- good separation at 2 m



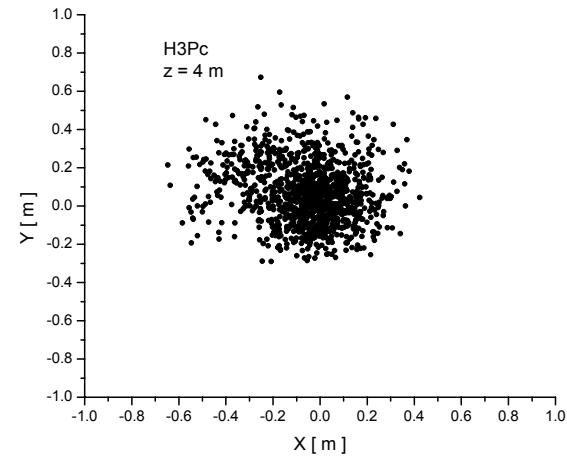
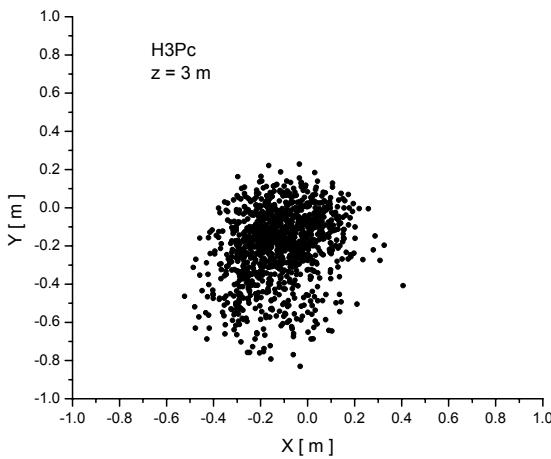
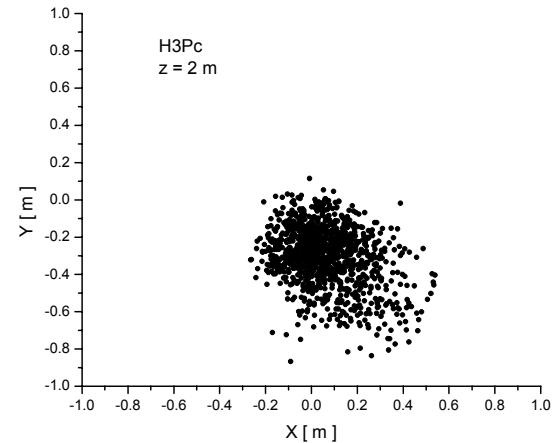
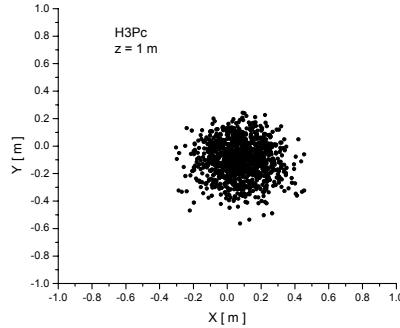
# Single bent solenoid

- Dispersions at 2 m
- bend angle = 0.6 rad



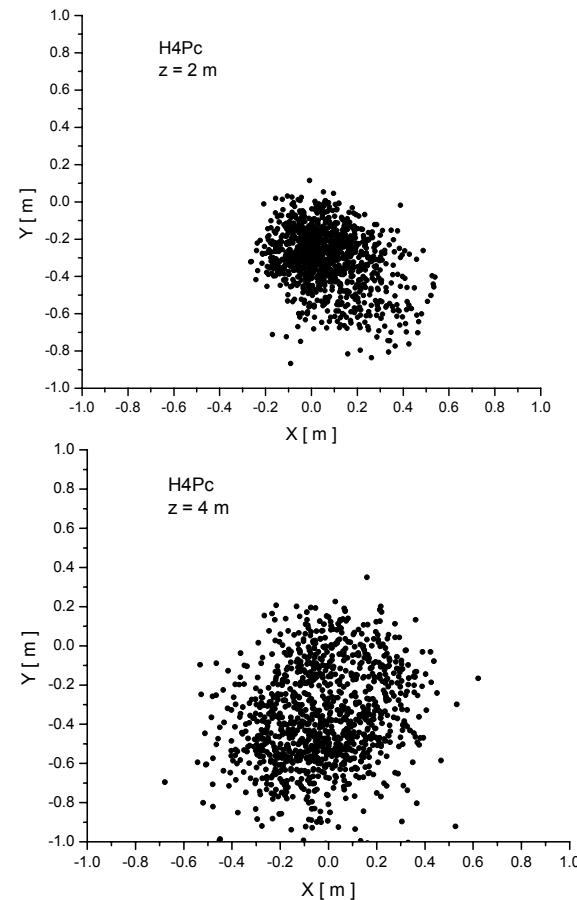
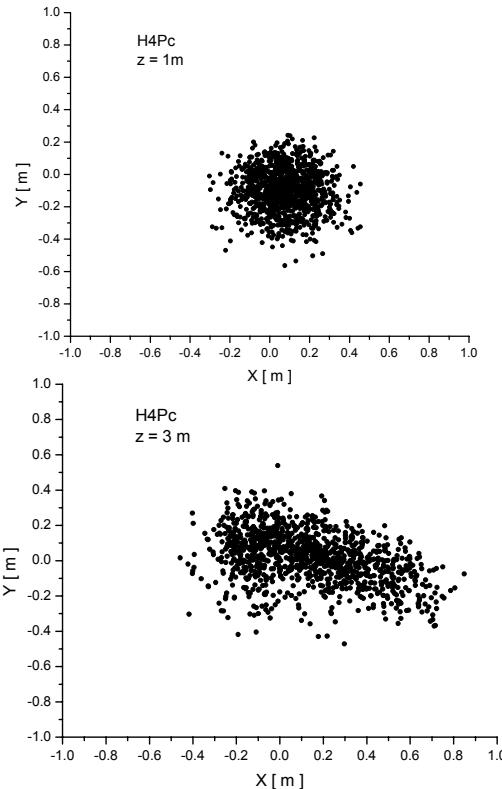
# Double bent solenoid

- positive charges only
- apply  $100 < p < 400$  MeV/c cut



# Double bent solenoid with $B_S$ flip

- apply  $100 < p < 400$  MeV/c cut
- positive charges only
- 10 cm drift between bent solenoids



# Double bend summary

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- positive charges with  $100 < p < 400 \text{ MeV}/c$  only
- leave  $-0.01 < y < 0.01 \text{ m}$  free for charge separation
  - large enough?
- $\text{TR}_{\text{box}} \sim 0.23$  for double-bend
- $\text{TR}_{\text{box}} \sim 0.27$  for double-bend with flip
  - cf.  $\text{TR}_{\text{box}} \sim 0.32$  after phase rotation
- introduces lots of correlations in beam

# Status

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- single-frequency phase rotation works well
- using both signs offers potential increase in luminosity  
~30% for equal bunch intensities
- now studying charge separation systems
- results are encouraging so far